FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	DWG NO. 2294819-506.508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 3 OF 10
CRITICALITY 2/2			SILLI OF
FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END ITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
A malfunction in the camera to cause total loss of the active video signal or video information that will provide degraded performance. Composite sync and vertical blanking signals are useable and not affected. [VC Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Vertical Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Vertical Alignment. Horizontal Alignment. Wertical Alignment. Wertical Alignment. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. One of the standard of the secondary Rectifiers Filters (cathode Blanking. Shading Waveform Generator. SIT Tube	(1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	DESIGN FEATURES The TVC/Lens Assembly is comprised of 16 electrical su are RCA Astro designed and fabricated using standard p construction. The remaining three assemblies, high vo and stepper motors, are vendor supplied components whi nurchased according to RCA Specification Control Drawi neering and reliability assurance. Specifications per establish the design, performance, test, qualification for a procured piece of equipment. Parts, materials, processes, and design guidelines for specified in accordance with RCA 2295503. This docume ments for selection and control of EEE parts. To the with availability, all parts have been selected from m JAN level, as a minimum. In addition to the overall's general purpose preferred parts has been defined by the ment Systems Division Standard Parts List. In the cas microcircuits, devices are screened and tested to the procured under the designations of HI-REL/3WQ and SNC Instruments Corp, respectively. Parts not included in used in the design only after a nonstandard item appropared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering the specific application(s) defined in the NSIAF by NA Worst-Case Circuit Analyses have been performed and do designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating margi conditions. The analysis was worst case—in that the v parameters was set to limits that will drive the outpu A component application review and analysis was conduc stress on each piece part by the temperature extremes qualification, an objective examination of the design was CDR to verify that the TVC/Lens assembly met specifica ments.	rinted-circuit board type of ltage power supply, oscillator, ch have been specified and ngs (SCDs) prepared by engithe SCD are prepared to , and acceptance requirements the Shuttle CCTV program are nt defines the program requiremaximum extent, and consistent ilitary specifications at the election criteria, a subset of is document and the RCA Governe of the CMOS and TTL family of MIL-STD-883C equivalent and 54LS from RCA-SSD and Texas the above documents have been val form (NSIAF) has been pre-(RAE) and approved for use in SA-JSC. cumented for all circuit ns exist for all operating alue for each of the variable t to a maximum (or minimum). ted to verify that the applied identified with environmental ing values identified in RCA sperformed through a PDR and

FMEA NO2.2.2 CRITICALITY2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506.508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 2 OF 10
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE malfunction in the camera to cause otal loss of the active video sigal or video information that will rovide degraded performance. Composite sync and vertical blanking ignals are useable and not affected. VC Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Command Execution. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. High Waltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. Cathode Blanking. Slading Waveform Generator.	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	DESIGN FEATURES (Continued) BARE BOARD DESIGN (A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A9, A10, A12) The design of the associated boards A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, from laminated copper-clad epoxy glass sheets (NEMA G-I Circuit connections are made through printed traces whi board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular r surrounds the hole in which a component lead or termina provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechan performance. Its size and shape are governed by MIL-P-spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated notes to further assure compliance. Variations between final product (due to irregularities of the etching prodrawing notes. This prevents making defective boards house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrical board layers, contain stitch bars for mechanical support the thru holes are drilled from a drill tape thus elimi human error and allowing tight control over hole and an important reliability criterion. After drilling and et tin-lead plated per MIL-SID-1495. This provides for eather time of board assembly, even after periods of prolosomore to board assembly, even after periods of prolosomore to provide stress relief and the bodies of Special mounting and handling instructions are included after final assembly. The board is coated with urethan humidity and contamination.	A9, A10, A12 is constructed 0) Grade FR-4), PER MIL-P-55617A. ch run from point to point on the ing. The annular ring 1 is located. This ring ical and electrical S5640 as are trace widths, specifically in drawing the artwork master and the icess) are also controlled by irom good artwork. Holes which ly interconnect the different thand increased reliability. Inating the possibility of inular ring concentricity, an inching, All copper cladding is isy and reliable soldering at inged storage. maximum reliability. of solder joints. All leads arge components are staked. in each drawing required

FMEA NO2.2.2 CRITICALITY2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>IVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506. 508/</u> 2294821-503 SHEET <u>3</u> OF <u>10</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE A malfunction in the camera to cause total loss of the active video signal or video information that will provide degraded performance. Composite sync and vertical blanking signals are useable and not affected. IYC A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. A3 Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Beflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. A4 Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Shading Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. A5 Automatic Light Control. Dark Current Compensation. A6 Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. A7 Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) A8 High Voltage Power Supply. A9 Target Preamplifier. A10 Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. A12 Shading Waveform Generator. A14 SIT Tube	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE DESIGN FEATURES (Continued) BARE BOARD CONSTRUCTION (A2) The boards are of "welded wire" construction. At the distinguish it from a normal PC board except that holes generally are not connected to PC traces. Only those ground potentials to the ICs are on PCs. An annular riboard where each power and ground pin is located. These the trace like any other component lead. Aside from the construction techniques used in PC board layout apply BOARD ASSEMBLY (A2) The drilled and etched boards are populated with several weldable pins. Power and ground pins, as well as consiplace. Discreet components (resistors, diodes, capacity bifurcated terminals, where they are soldered. Flatpallead-by-lead, to the tops of the weld pins. After weld trimmed away. Circuit connections are made using #30 wire is welded to the pin surfaces on the board backsicusing a machine which is tape driven, thus eliminating due to operator error. All wiring & circuit performant box-level installation. After successful testing, comby drawing notes and the assembly is coated with ureth. The board is inserted in the box on card-edge guides, PC boards. BOARD PLACEMENT The A7-A low voltage power supply board is bolted in perimeter. Four of these mounting screws also pass the A7-B board. These two boards are mounted face-to-face Electrical interconnections are achieved by jumper wir A7-A houses a 34-pin connector which brings in power and Q4 are secured to the lower half, and wired togeth put in place. By mounting Q4 directly to the aluminum performance is assured.	SHEET3 OF10
		The A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A12 boards are secured in the	electronics assembly by gold—

plated beryllium copper card guides. Connections are made to the mother board with blind-mated connectors. Disengagement during launch is prevented by a cover which

FMEA NO2,2.2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506, 508/</u> 2294821-503
CRITICALITY 2/2	_		SHEET 4 OF 10
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE malfunction in the camera to cause	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANC DESIGN FEATURES (Continued)	<u> </u>
otal loss of the active video sig- lal or video information that will brovide degraded performance. Com- losite sync and vertical blanking ignals are useable and not affected. VC Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Iarget Preamplifier. Shading Waveform Generator. SIT Tube	iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Alo BOARD MOUNTING Due to packaging constraints within the camera, the Ai in "cordwood" fashion. Two PC boards, each 2.1 inches each other, separated by 3/4 inch long standoffs. Bia distance between the boards and are soldered in place, jumper wires are also mounted this way. All solder jo have a 1-inch diameter hole through the center. The v this hole and has its flying leads soldered to thru-ho camera-level installation, the entire AlO module is in stem, of the vidicon tube and bolted in four places to then engaged manually to the tube, completing the inst BOARD MOUNTING The A9 board is mounted to the target preamp housing b provides ample support since the board is only 1.9 x 2 correction is by jumper wires soldered to board termin is installed over the board to protect it during handl target preamp assembly. The high-voltage power supply is purchased to a perfor details the design, qualification, and production requ Camera System. It is designed for a minimum operation shall exhibit no evidence of arcing, corona, or any ot failure when operated at any atmospheric pressure from All electronic components and materials used in the poto conform with the reliability requirements of the Sh by NASA-JSC.	square, are mounted opposite xial components span the one lead to each board. Some ints are staked. The boards idicon tube socket fits through les in one of the boards. At serted in place around the the housing. The socket is allation. y 4 #4-40 screws. This inches. Electrical als. A sheet metal covering and installation of the mance specification that irements for use in the IV al life of 8000 hours and her intermittent or continuous sea level to 1 x 10-6 torr. wer supply design are verified

EMEA NO. 2.2.2		SHUTTLE CCTV	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/
CRITICALITY 2/2		CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	SHEET <u>5</u> OF <u>10</u>
FMEA NO	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE The SIT tube is a selected high-grade silicon-diode-arr attached image intensifier for operating at low light lis controlled by means of an Automatic Light Control (A operation to 2 x 10 ⁻² foot-candles. This can provide a 1000 hours according to the manufacturer's recommendatic control when using the SIT tube, life can be extended thermionic cathode emission will end its life, as in ot Because of its excellent characteristics many military, applications, in addition to surveillance applications, low-light-level television cameras employing the SIT to QUALIFICATION IESI For Qualification Test flow, see Table 2 located at the	DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 5 OF 10 ay target vidicon with an evels. Faceplate exposure LC) Function that restricts in SIT life of more than ons. By providing exposure to the point where reduced ther camera tubes. medical, and scientific have been developed for the state of the point where reduced the camera tubes.

FMEA NO		CR	SHUTTLE CCTV ITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506. 508/</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHEET <u>6</u> OF <u>10</u>
FAILURE MODE AND	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCE	PTANCE
CAUSE malfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video sig- lor video information that will ovide degraded performance. Com- site sync and vertical blanking gnals are useable and not affected. Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. ① Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. 2 Shading Waveform Generator. 4 SIT Tube	(1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	might be used in the Vibration: • Vibration: • Thermal Vacuum: • The TVC/CLA may not for Acceptance Test OPERATIONAL TEST In order to verify health of all the through the RCU, the decoder. The test ability to route would be performed test as: 3. Send "Can 4. Select "E 5. Observe was synchronic is received by the synchronic is rec	VC/CLA is subjected directly, heir normal installation, to the 20-80Hz: 80-350 Hz: 350-750 Hz: -3 dB/10 Oct. Test Duration: 1 Hinute per Test Level: 6.1 Grms In a pressure of 1X10-5 Torr follows: 125° f: Time to stablize eq 25° f: Time to stablize eq 125° f: Time to stablize eq	without vibration isolators which he following testing: e from 0.01 G ² /Hz -slope Axis , the temperature shall be as uipment plus 1 hour uipment plus 1 hour uipment plus 1 hour uipment plus 1 hour acuum condition. the front of this book. rational, a test must verify the om the PHS (A7A1) panel switch, Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command sability to produce video, the VSU's ty to display video. A similar test th. destination and the camera under S panel. ote that if video on monitor is on this indicates that the camera CU and that the camera is producing Gamma commands and visually (either verify operation. era under test as source.

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FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNITTYC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506. 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET7 OF10
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
malfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video sig- l or video information that will ovide degraded performance. Com- site sync and vertical blanking gnals are useable and not affected. C Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. Shading Waveform Generator.	(1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of pic- ture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Procurement Control - The TVC/CLA EEE Parts and hardwar approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirem contract and Quality Plan Work Statement (MS-2593176). review all procurement documents to establish the need (PAI 517). Incoming Inspection and Storage - Incoming Quality inspection of the procurement documents are recorded by drawing and control numbers for future reference and trare subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called for Inspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts are accordance with RCA 1846684 - Preconditioning and Accepted relations of the processing Flectronic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PINO Mechanical items are inspected per PAI 316 - Incoming Immechanical items, PAI 305 - Incoming Quality Control Immechanical items, PAI 305 - Incoming Quality Control Immechanical items, PAI 305 - Incoming Incoming or Purchase Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Control under specified conditions until fabrication is require held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition. (PAI Board Assembly & Iest - Prior to the start of TVC or Clare verified to be correct by stock room personnel, as form a kit. The items are verified again by the operat checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). BCAS are designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and wharness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, sold workmanship prior to coating of the component side of the harnesses. TVC Boards Specific TVC board assembly and test instructions are paplicable documents are called out in the Fabrication (FPR-2294819) and parts list PL2294819. These include 2593660, Process Standard RIV-566 2280881, Process Standard RIV-566 2280881, Process Standard RIV-566 2280887, Specification - Crimping 2280800, Specification 1960167, Specification - Urethane coating 2280877, Specification - Workmanship 8030035, Specification - Becification	ections are made on all lot and retained in file by aceability. All EEE parts in PAI 315 — Incoming the further processed in thance Requirements for testing is not performed. Inspection Instruction, and all Parts Designated for Flight ed Stores and retained in Non-conforming materials are i-307, PAI IQC-531). A board assembly, all items the items are accumulated to or who assembles the kit by Mandatory Inspection Points welded wire boards, plus ler splices and quality boards and sleeving of provided in drawing notes, and Procedure and Record shuttle IVC assembly notes and and Plate Application on — Bonding and Staking cification — locking compound cation — Marking 2280876,

			KEA125D 2-1-6	
FMEA NO	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of pic- ture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE QA/INSPECTION (Continued) IVC Assembly and Test — An open box test is performed per TP-IT-2294819, and an Acceptance Test per TP-AT-2294819, including vibration and thermal vacuum. Torques are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are recorded and calibrated tools are checked prior to use. RCA Quality and BCAS inspections are performed at the completion of specified FPR operations in accordance with PAI-204, PAI-205, PAI 206 and PAI 217. DCAS personnel witness TVC button-up and critical torquing. IVC/CLA Assembly and Test — After a TVC and an CLA have has been tested individually, they are mated and a final acceptance test is performed per TP-AT-2294819, including vibration and thermal vacuum environments. RCA and DCAS personnel monitor these tests and review the acceptance test data/results. These personnel also inspect for con-		
Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. Shading Waveform Generator. 4 SIT Tube		formance after all repair, rework and retest. Preparation for Shipment — The TVC and CLA are separate fabrication and testing is complete. Each is packaged and 2280746, Process standard for Packaging and Handlin documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned sp This folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is prepaccordance with the requirements of WS-2593176. RCA QC crating, packaging, packing, and marking, and review th accuracy.	ed prior to shipment after according to CCTV Letter 8011 ag guidelines. All related ABPL, Test Data, etc., is pecifically to each assembly in and DCAS personnel witness	

TVC/CLA 2294819-506, 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. __2.2.2 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET 9 OF 10 CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE_ ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (1) Unable to open lens malfunction in the camera to cause stal loss of the active video sigiris. TDR - W2575 - Log #0400 - TVC S/N 005-501 (2) Degradation of picl or video information that will ture content. rovide degraded performance. Com-Description: Acceptance Test Failure isite sync and vertical blanking Bax Level ignals are useable and not affected. Worst Case: Vibration Environment Loss of mission Video presentation rotated approximately 60 after vibration. critical video. ? Command Decode Logic. Gause: Vidicon Yoke nut became loose during vibration. 4 4 4 Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Corrective Action: Reposition yoke, tighten nut and add staking to sensor assy's 3 Horizontal Deflection. yoke nut. ECN (B1073) issued. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Align-TOR - W2576 -Log #0412 - TVC \$/N 005-501 ment. Vertical Alignment. 4 Black/White Clipper. <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure Gamma Correction. Box Level Aperture Correction. Vibration Environment Shading Correction. CW rotation of picture after "Y axis vibration. (Retest of TVC per TOR W2575.) Video Output Driver. 5 Automatic Light Control. Cause: Bonding of yoke (Al) broke loose allowing yoke to rotate during Automatic Gain Control. vibration. Dark Current Compensation. 6 Output Voltage Regulator. Corrective Action: Assembly procedure revised per ECN CCT 600 (B1073) to provide for Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. better staking of yoke. 7 Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) TDR - W2560 - Log #0414 - TVC S/N 006-501 Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure filtering) Box level 8 High Voltage Power Supply. Vibration Environment 9 Target Preamplifier. Input current increased by 180 mA from normal input current during vibration in 10 Beam Current Regulator. "Y" Axis. Cathode Blanking. Shading Waveform Generator. Cause: Defective capacitor C26 on A3 board. Analysis indicated manufacturing 14 SIT Tube defect - capacitive element was loose inside metal case. Corrective Action: Remove and replace part. Retested camera per PMO directive. Capacitors removed from stock and returned to vendor. Reference memo CCTV-(C)-243 for close out of TDR W2560.

LINIT TVC/CLA 2294819-506, 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) (1) Unable to open lens malfunction in the camera to cause iris. tal loss of the active video sig-TDR - W0988 - Log #0432 - TVC S/N 005-501 (2) Degradation of picor video information that will W0989 - Log #0428 - TVC S/N 005-501 ture content. ovide degraded performance. Comsite sync and vertical blanking Description: Acceptance Test Failure Worst Case: inals are useable and not affected. Box Level Loss of mission I/V Hot Environment Cluster of white spots in lower left quadrant of display on black field. Crazing critical video. Command Decode Logic. of cement securing cover glass to fiberoptics faceplate evident. Command Execution Logic. Cause: Stresses exerted by potting material during temp. extremes resulted in Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. de-lamination of the cover glass to SIT tube bonding. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Align-Corrective Action: Modified potting fixtues and technique used on SIT tube ment. Vertical Alignment. Dwg. #2295530 modified by ECN (B 2082). SIT tubes returned to manufacturer for Black/White Clipper. rework of encapsulation. Vendor to perform temp tests on tube prior to shipment to insure cover glass does not shift. REF CCTV Directives CCTV - (D) - 054, Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. CCTV - (D) - 070.Shading Correction. Video Öutput Driver. Automatic Light Control. TDR - W2739 - Log #0485 TVC S/N 009-502 Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Description: Pre-Launch Failure Output Voltage Regulator. Box Level Test Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Ambient Environment Primary Oscillator/ Problem report VSCS-201-0093 visual inspection of unit at KSC revealed a Driver (sync loss) recessed pin 31 in the J1 connector. Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (Location code function pin) (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Cause: Error in manufacturing of the connector pin. It is 0.035" shorter in Target Preamplifier. length than other pins in connector. O Beam Current Regulator. Corrective Action: Remove and replace pin 31 in Jl connector. Test pins ability Cathode Blanking. 2 Shading Waveform Generator. to lock into mating connector. Perform contact retention test to insure pin 4 SIT Tube is locking as required. Inspect to insure pin is not pushed out of place. TDR - W0401 - Log #0499 - TVC 013-502 TDR - W4278 - Log #0497 - TVC 013-502 Description: Qualification Test Failure Box Level (Oual, Model) Ambient Environment Output video intermittent.

Cause: SIT has low G4 current.

TVC/CLA 2294819-506. 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. 2.2.2 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET 9B OF <u>10</u> CRITICALITY 2/2... FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) (1) Unable to open lens malfunction in the camera to cause iris. tal loss of the active video sigl or video information that will (2) Degradation of pic-Corrective Action: Remove and replace SIT. Defective tube returned to ture content. Lancaster for evaluation, Results: Tube failure verified. ovide degraded performance. Comsite sync and vertical blanking quals are useable and not affected. Worst Case: TDR - W4312 - Log #0506 - TVC S/N 014-502 Loss of mission <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure critical video. Box Level Command Decode Logic. Thermal Vac-Hot Environment Command Execution Logic: Approx. 45 minutes into (T/V Hot) soak at $+125^{o}$ F video became distorted and TVC Camera Timing Logic. input current increased 710 mA to 800 mA. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Cause: Yoke deflection coil developed a short between horizontal and vertical Focus Current. Horizontal Aligndeflection windings at 50°C. The short was eliminated when the temperature ment. Vertical Alignment. was reduced. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Corrective Action: Replaced defective yoke with new part. This is a random Aperture Correction. failure. Shading Correction. Video Õutput Driver. TDR - W4677 - Log #0529 - TVC S/N 009-502 , Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Description: Integration Test Failure Dark Current Compensation.) Output Voltage Regulator. Box Level Ambient Environment Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Center resolution measured 30% @ 300 TVL, should be 70% min. Amplitude appears / Primary Oscillator/ appears to be intermittent. Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of <u>Cause</u>: Transformer T3 on the A7 Board had unusual interwinding capacity, causing ringing on the secondary resulting in a slightly higher output voltage. filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Corrective Action: Interwinding capacity is not a parameter specified, nor can it Target Preamplifier. be measured readily. Transmitter T3 removed & replaced. Acceptance Test screening 10 Beam Current Regulator. will detect this problem if present on other units - This problem is considered a Cathode Blanking. 12 Shading Waveform Generator. random failure. 14 SIT Tube TDR - Y1781 - Log #0577, TVC S/N 017-504 Description: Acceptance Test Failure Box Level Ambient Environment Oscillations in video output. Cause: Poor grounding in pre-amp. .

FMEA NO2.2.2 CRITICALITY2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> DHG NO. <u>2294819-506, 508/</u> 2294821-503 SHEET <u>9C</u> OF <u>10</u>
FAILURE MODE AND		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) Corrective Action: Unit reworked to ECN CCT 83 TDR - W1729 - Log #0578 - TVC S/N 020-502 TDR - W1730 - Log #0579 - WLA S/N 006-501 TDR - Y1404 - Log #0565 - TVC S/N 011-502 Oescription: Flight Failure Spacecraft Level TVC S/N 020, WLA S/N 006-STS-3 TVC S/N 011 - STS-2 Coherent noise in output video presentation. Cause: Poor conductive path to ground caused by oxidation of aluminum spacers. Corrective Action: Removed excessive conformal treated with alodine. Flow progress report has assembly of units. TDR - Y6906 - Log #0630 - TVC S/N 019-504 Oescription: Flight Failure STS-5 Problem report VJCS-024 Intermittent Pan/Tilt reset command. Cause: Problem could not be verified thru exten Corrective Action: Unit updated from group 504 Instructed test director to carefully monitor op retesting, failure still could not be verified. TDR - W6059 - Log #0695 - TVC S/N 024-506 Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure Box Level Ambient Environment Automatic Iris goes from open to close.	excessive conformal coating and coating. Spacers were cleaned and been modified to insure proper sive thermal testing.
		<u>Cause</u> : Problem could not be duplicated after ex <u>Corrective Action</u> : None — unit returned to KSC.	-

TVC/CLA 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. __2.2.2___ CRITICAL ITEMS LIST 9D OF __10_ SHEET CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) (1) Unable to open lens nalfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video sigiris. (2) Degradation of picor video information that will TDR - W1735 - Log #0723 - TVC S/N N/A -506 ture content. ovide degraded performance. Comsite sync and vertical blanking <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure Worst Case: anals are useable and not affected. Box level Loss of mission Ambient Environment High voltage power supply S/N 2046 exhibits internal arcing. This TDR was critical video. opened to investigate failure noted on TDR-W6870, Log #722. Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Cause: Improper lead dress of high voltage terminal. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Corrective Action: HVPS S/N 2046 was one of eight units manufactured under purchse order G-T50999-4151-00F28 by Murata Erie. This problem is limited to focus Current. Horizontal Alignunits manufactured in 1982. All defective units have been screened and returned ment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. to Murata Erie for analysis and replacement. Gamma Correction. TDR - W6870 - Log #0722 - TVC S/N 028-506 Aperture Correction: Shading Correction. Description: Acceptance Test Failure Video Ōutput Driver. Automatic Light Control. Ambient Environment Automatic Gain Control. Box Level Test Approximately 47 seconds after initial turn on, the iris close command would be Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. generated by TVC. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Cause: Internal short in the high voltage power supply (S/N 2046), which generated spikes on the POR Line. Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters Corrective Action: H.V.P.S. removed from TVC and new H.V.P.S. installed. (change of voltage or loss of Tests indicated problem solved. Power supply returned to vendor for Evaluation. filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Refer to TDR W1735, Log #723. The problem was attributed to improper lead dress of high voltage terminal. Target Preamplifier. O Beam Current Regulator. These leads have been rerouted and extra insulation added at the HV terminal Cathode Blanking. for all new built units. 2 Shading Waveform Generator. TOR - W-6875 - Log #0746 TVC S/N 014-506 4 SIT Tube TDR - W-6872 - Log #0742 TVC S/N 011-506 Cause: Resistor R6 on A10 board, failed. Corrective Action: All flight cameras containing R6 resistor fabricated by ACI and dated with code 7813 will be replaced with new RNC60 type resistors from TRW.

TVC/CLA UNIT 2294819-506. 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FHEA NO. __2.2.2_____ 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST <u>9E</u> OF <u>10</u> CRITICALITY __2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND . RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) (1) Unable to open lens malfunction in the camera to cause iris. tal loss of the active video sig-(2) Degradation of picl or video information that will TDR - W6917 - Log #0748 - TVC S/N 030-506 ture content. ovide degraded performance. Com-<u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure site sync and vertical blanking Worst Case: Box Level gnals are useable and not affected. Ambient Environment Loss of mission Video presentation very noisy when J4 cable is connected. critical video. Command Decode Logic. Cause: Sensor assembly clamp sleeve shorted to chassis. Insufficient insulation Command Execution Logic. coating on clamp sleeve. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Corrective Action: New clamps were installed. All parts in controlled stores were Vertical Deflection. inspected and all discrepant materal rejected. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. TDR - W6925 - Log #0770 - TVC S/N 022-506 Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Description: Flight Failure (STS-8) Aperture Correction. Spacecraft Level Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Horizontal streaking in picture gamma when in black stretch. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Cause: Incorrect shim installed. Face plate shim shorted to ground. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Corrective Action: Shim removed and correct shim installed per ECN-CCT859. All Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. future TVC's will conform to this ECN. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) TDR - A3249 - Log #0929 - TVC S/N 033-506 Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure filtering) Box Level High Voltage Power Supply. Thermal Vac. Ambient Environment Target Preamplifier. Video locked in white clip mode. O Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. Cause: Defective Transistor Q16 on A5 Board. 2 Shading Waveform Generator. 4 SIT Tube Corrective Action: Removed Q16 and replaced with new transistor. Q16 X-rayed and a dense particle was observed. Further analysis proved to be a loose and metallic particle. Considered to be random failure. TDR - A4093 - Log #0973 TVC S/N 019-506 <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure Box level Vibration Environment Unit failed "Y" axis vibration, picture on monitor all white.

FMEA NO2.2.2 CRITICALITY2/2	-	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET <u>9F</u> OF <u>10</u>		
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE malfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video siglor video information that will ovide degraded performance. Comsite sync and vertical blanking gnals are useable and not affected. Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction.	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of pic- ture content. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE lens FAILURE HISTORY (Continued)			
Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Briver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Oark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Oriver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. Shading Waveform Generator. SIT Tube		Cause: Intermittent operation of ALC and Gamma of thru extensive thermal testing. Intermittent till of right hand camera slide. Corrective Action: Slides were re-positioned per problem solved. Returned TVC Oll to "JSC" for further evaluation TDR - B0146 - Log #1079 - TVC S/N 007-506 Description: Flight Failure Flight #41D Evaluation Test TVC returned from KSC for evaluation of white strorbiter flight #41D. Cause: Arcing in vicinity of ground tab of face Corrective Action: Removed tube S/N J8249 from stog #1105 to track tube; tube returned to vendor. Installed new tube into sensor. TDR - B-0148 - Log #1085 - TVC S/N 044-506 Description: Acceptance Test Failure Box Level Thermal-Vac Ambient Environment Distorted video seen on monitor. Distortion consmodulated and random.	t motion due to improper position ECN-CCT 1178. Retest indicated of ALC/GAMMA analmoly. reaks in video observed during plate of SIT tube S/N J8294. sensor assembly, opened TOR-80809,		

UNIT 2294819-506. 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. 2.2.2 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET 9G OF <u>10</u> CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FATLURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) (1) Unable to open lens malfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video sigiris. Cause: Random noise is caused by poor grounding of the A9 pre-amp. Modulated (2) Degradation of pic-1 or video information that will noise is due to A5 board operation. ovide degraded performance. Comture content. site sync and vertical blanking Corrective Action: Random noise problem was cured by cleaning the A9 ground onals are useable and not affected. Worst Case: connections and the incorporation of ECN D09485 - redundant wire ground connection Loss of mission to the A9 pre-amp. Modulated noise problem was cured by incorporating ECN E1773 to the A5 board which limits the control voltage to the A8 high voltage critical video. Command Decode Logic. power supply. TVC Group number was changed from 2294819-506 to 2294819-508. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. TDR - B-2352 - Log # 1123 TVC S/N 033-506 Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure Focus Current. Horizontal Align-Box Level ment. Vertical Alignment. Ambient Environment Black/White Clipper. (Ref) 3CA420062) Noisy video, vertical lines with low light level. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Cause: Poor A9 pre-amplifier ground. Shading Correction. Video Čutput Driver. Corrective Action: ECN CCT 1237. Written to add redundant ground lead. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. TDR - B3451 - Log #1150 S/N 042-508 Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Description: Acceptance Test failure Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Box Level Primary Oscillator/ Vibration Environment Driver (sync loss) Vertical noise pattern present in video. Secondary Rectifiers/, Filters (change of voltage or loss of Cause: Poor ground connection on A9 pre-amplifier board thru conductive washers. filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Corrective Action: ECN D-9584 (Ground wire installation) was installed in sensor Target Preamplifier. assembly. This ECN incorporated in all previous units presently located at RCA, O Beam Current Regulator. and all new build units. Cathode Blanking. 2 Shading Waveform Generator. TDR - B3518 - Log #1174 - TVC S/N 020-506 4 SIT Tube Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure Box Level Ambient Environment Problem report #DR.3C53001A Evaluate video noise problem Cause: Poor grounding for pre-amp. TVC depended on a mechanical ground connection.

TVC/CLA UNIT 2294819-506. 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. __2.2.2_ 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST 9H OF __10 CRITICALITY __2/2_ FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (Continued) (1) Unable to open lens malfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video sigiris. Corrective Action: ECM CCT-1237 was prepared adding redundant hard wire ground. (2) Degradation of picl or video information that will This ECN was incorporated into TVC S/N 020 and retest indicated problem resolved. ovide degraded performance. Comture content. This ECN will be incorporated into all TVC's in process. site sync and vertical blanking gnals are useable and not affected. Worst Case: TDR - C0751 - Log #2002 - TVC S/N 024-508 Loss of mission TDR - A3105 - Log #2097 - TVC S/N 024-508 critical video. Command Decode Logic. <u>Description</u>: Acceptance Test Failure Command Execution Logic. Box Level Camera Timing Logic. Ambient Environment Horizontal Deflection. White ion spot visable in center of raster. Tube conditioning procedure operated Vertical Deflection. in excess of 60 Hrs. which, reduced spot size to 20-25 IRE. Unit authorized to Focus Current. Horizontal Alignship to NASA/JSC for further evaluation. The above unit returned from NASA (Ref. ment. Vertical Alignment. PR-DR 3C530032) with the 20-25 IRE spot. | Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Cause: TVC tube operated in an unathorized configuration or mode such as Aperture Correction. (1) extended exposure to bright light (2) loss of camera voltages, (3) exposed Shading Correction. Video Öutput Driver. to light without lens assembly. Automatic Light Control. Corrective Action: SIT replaced with new tube. Old tube sent to RCA-Lancaster Automatic Gain Control. for analysis. Found silicon target burned. No corrective action possible on Dark Current Compensation. tube S/N Z43886. Tube to be labeled as non-flight, but may be used in non-critical 5 Output Voltage Regulator. application such as for TVC trainer. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ TDR - C4523 - Log #2039 - TVC 044-508 Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters <u>Description</u>: Evaluation Test (change of voltage or loss of Anx Level filtering) Ambient Environment High Voltage Power Supply. Output of high voltage power supply OV with 6.0 Vdc control voltage, should be 9 Target Preamplifier. approximately 9 kv intermittent operation, slight rap on housing will produce 9 kV. 10 Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. Cause: Analysis of failure under investigation. 12 Shading Waveform Generator. 14 SIT Tube Corrective Action: N/A TDR - C0693 - Log #2042 - TVC S/N 042-508 Description: Flight Failure STS 51F (26). Spacecraft Level String like material on lens or TVC noticed in video presentation, also horizontal noise is present in output video.

			KEA12EN 2-1-01
FMEA NO. 2.2.2 CRITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506. 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 9I OF 10
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE malfunction in the camera to cause tal loss of the active video sig- lor video information that will ovide degraded performance. Comsite sync and vertical blanking gnals are useable and not affected. Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Shading Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of filtering) High Voltage Power Supply. Target Preamplifier. O Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. 2 Shading Waveform Generator. 4 SIT Tube	FAILURE EFFECT ON FND ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of pic— ture content. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE FATIURE HISTORY (Continued) Cause: String like material was found on face of SI determined where it came from. Horizontal noise counts of such contamination. Horizontal noise in the duplicated during 9 days of thermal cycling and the probable cause of the video noise was external to the such contamination.	T tube and could not be ld not be duplicated. This is the first reported video as reported could not hermal vacuum testing. The

FMEA NO2.2.2 CRIFICALITY2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TYC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 10 OF 10
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE malfunction in the camera to cause otal loss of the active video sigal or video information that will provide degraded performance. Composite sync and vertical blanking ignals are useable and not affected. VC Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Horizontal Deflection. Vertical Deflection. Focus Current. Horizontal Alignment. Vertical Alignment. Black/White Clipper. Gamma Correction. Aperture Correction. Video Output Driver. Automatic Light Control. Automatic Gain Control. Dark Current Compensation. Output Voltage Regulator. Input Voltage Pre-Regulator. Primary Oscillator/ Driver (sync loss) Secondary Rectifiers/ Filters (change of voltage or loss of	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) Unable to open lens iris. (2) Degradation of picture content. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical yideo.	QPERATIONAL EFFECTS Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission objective or other required cameras. CREW ACTIONS If possible, continue RMS operations using alternative CREW TRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternatives to MISSION CONSTRAINI Where possible, procedures should be designed so they CCTV.	ves due to loss of RMS cameras visual cues. CCTV.
filtering) AB High Voltage Power Supply. A9 Target Preamplifier. A10 Beam Current Regulator. Cathode Blanking. A12 Shading Waveform Generator. A14 SIT Tube	-		